

# HASTELLOY<sup>®</sup> C-22HS<sup>®</sup> alloy

HASTELLOY<sup>®</sup> C-22HS<sup>®</sup> alloy (N07022) is a versatile nickel-chromium-molybdenum alloy with excellent resistance to both oxidizing and reducing acids and which can be heat treated to obtain very high strength. Used in the oil & gas industry in bar, billet, tube and pipe product forms for applications that require very high strength and superior corrosion resistance. This alloy, especially suited for high-temperature, high-pressure wells, is capable of being produced at significantly higher strength levels than other nickel base alloys. It is qualified to NACE MRO175/ISO 15156 Level VII environment with 5 g/l elemental sulfur to 401°F (205°C) and modified NACE Level VII, 25% NaCl+1000 psi (7000 kPa) CO<sub>2</sub> + 1000 psi (7000 kPa) H<sub>2</sub>S at 550°F (288°C) the highest level in the specification. The maximum hardness and yield strength covered is HRc43 and 205 ksi.

## Principal Features

### A high strength C-type alloy for the Oil and Gas Industries

HASTELLOY<sup>®</sup> C-22HS<sup>®</sup> alloy (N07022) is the premier nickel-chromium-molybdenum, corrosion-resistant material for oil and gas industry use. Cold working of the alloy at levels between 30 and 65% result in high room temperature yield strengths. It exhibits exceptional resistance to sour gas environments and is NACE/ISO approved.

### Product Forms

C-22HS<sup>®</sup> alloy is available in the form of plate, sheet, strip, billet, bar, wire, pipe, and tube. Round products in the form of solid bars are available up to 10" with various amounts of cold work to achieve high strength and toughness by simultaneously retaining the excellent corrosion resistance of the alloy.

### Oil & Gas Applications

The data in this document is believed to be useful for applications in the oil & gas industry, or other industries which may require an alloy with excellent corrosion resistance and strength levels higher than "standard" HASTELLOY<sup>®</sup> C-22<sup>®</sup> alloy. For additional oil and gas information on C-22HS<sup>®</sup>, please click [here](#).

### Available in Three Very High-Strength Conditions

Early testing of C-22HS<sup>®</sup> alloy was focused on material in the annealed + age-hardened condition where the material was annealed at 1975°F (1079°C) and age-hardened at 1300°F (704°C)/16h/Furnace cool (FC) to 1125°F (607°C)/32h/Air-cool (AC.) In this "standard condition" C-22HS<sup>®</sup> alloy will typically have strengths around 100 ksi (690 MPa). While this strength level is almost double of "C-type" alloys in the annealed condition, many oil and gas applications require even greater strength. For this reason, a considerable development effort has been generated on C-22HS<sup>®</sup> alloy in three other "very high strength" conditions:

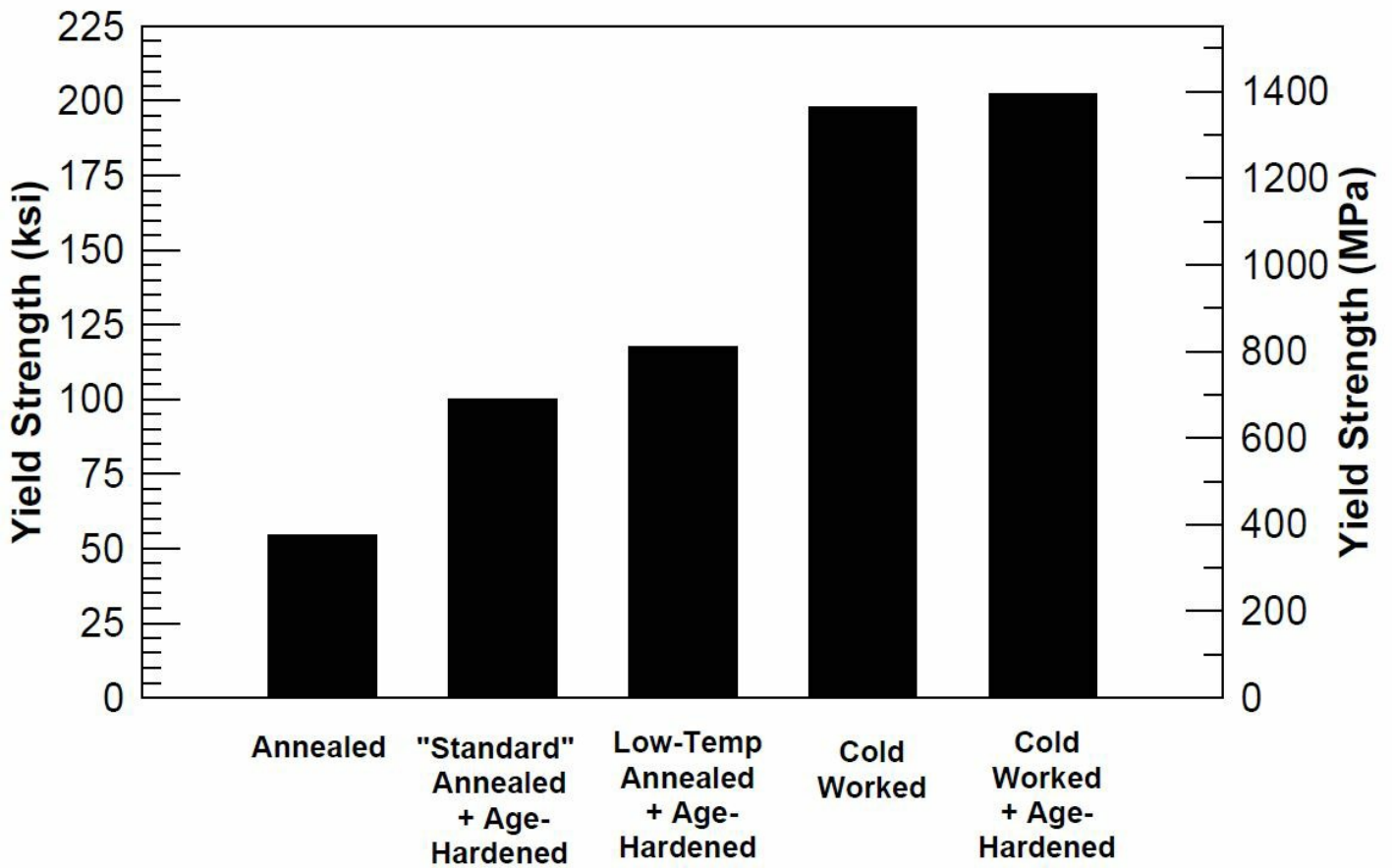
1) Cold Worked

2) Cold Worked + Age-Hardened<sup>A</sup>

3) Low Temperature (LT) Annealed<sup>B</sup> + Age-Hardened<sup>C</sup>

<sup>A</sup>1125°F (607°C)/10h/AC <sup>B</sup>1850°F (1010°C) <sup>C</sup>1300°F (704°C)/16h/FC to 1125°F (607°C)/32h/AC

A comparison of yield strengths for the three very high strength conditions is shown below along with that of the annealed and "standard" conditions. Haynes does not recommend use of highly cold worked and aged material because the increase in yield strengths is minimal and the susceptibility to hydrogen embrittlement in severe oil well conditions is increased.



## Nominal Composition

Weight %

<b>Nickel:</b>	61 Balance
<b>Cobalt:</b>	1 max.
<b>Chromium:</b>	21
<b>Molybdenum:</b>	17
<b>Iron:</b>	2 max.
<b>Tungsten:</b>	1 max.
<b>Manganese:</b>	0.8 max.
<b>Aluminum:</b>	0.5 max.
<b>Silicon:</b>	0.08 max.
<b>Carbon:</b>	0.01 max.
<b>Copper:</b>	0.5 max.

## Tensile Properties of Cold-worked Material

Average Room Temperature Tensile Properties of Bar  
(Cold-worked in the Range 43-47%)

Condition	0.2% Offset Yield Strength		Ultimate Tensile Strength		Elongation	Reduction of Area
	ksi	MPa	ksi	MPa		
<b>Cold-worked Bar</b>	198.0	1365	203.5	1403	16.7	64.2

## Room Temperature Tensile Properties of Bar as a Function of Diameter and Percentage Cold-work

Bar Diameter* Cold-work			Room Temperature Tensile Properties				
			0.2% Offset Yield Strength		Ultimate Tensile Strength		Elongation
in	mm	%	ksi	MPa	ksi	MPa	%
0.5	12.7	43	191.1	1317	196.5	1355	18.2
0.75	19.1	44	204.7	1411	210.0	1448	15.5
1.0	25.4	44	188.3	1298	193.8	1336	17.6
1.25	31.8	46	205.2	1415	210.9	1454	15.4
1.567	39.8	37	184.2	1270	192.7	1329	17.4
2.0	50.8	47	207.5	1431	212.0	1462	13.0
2.375	60.3	54	181.4	1251	190.5	1313	21.2
2.5	63.5	49	180.0	1241	183.7	1267	18.2
3.62	91.9	42	192.3	1326	197.3	1360	14.0

\*Averages from duplicate test samples

### Room and Elevated Temperature Tensile Properties of 0.5 in Diameter Cold-worked (43%) Bar

Test Temperature		0.2% Offset Yield Strength		Ultimate Tensile Strength		Elongation	Reduction of Area
°F	°C	ksi	MPa	ksi	MPa	%	%
RT	RT	195.1	1345	200.4	1382	18.0	65.2
400	204	181.8	1254	182.6	1259	14.6	63.1
500	260	181.0	1248	181.1	1249	14.1	60.8

### Room and Elevated Temperature Tensile Properties of 2.375 in Diameter Cold-worked (54%) Bar as a Function of Orientation (Longitudinal and Transverse)

Test Temperature		Orientation	0.2% Offset Yield Strength		Ultimate Tensile Strength		Elongation	Reduction of Area
°F	°C		ksi	MPa	ksi	MPa	%	%
RT	RT	Longitudinal	181.4	1251	190.5	1313	21.2	71.1
		Transverse	156.6	1080	183.0	1262	18.8	60.9
350	177	Longitudinal	160.2	1105	166.6	1149	18.5	72.2
		Transverse	138.3	954	160.9	1109	16.1	59.6
450	232	Longitudinal	156.1	1076	163.1	1125	18.3	72.2
		Transverse	139.0	958	156.7	1080	14.8	59.3

### Average Room Temperature Tensile Properties of Tube (Cold-worked in the Range 52-53%)

Condition	0.2% Offset Yield Strength		Ultimate Tensile Strength		Elongation
	ksi	MPa	ksi	MPa	%
Cold-worked Tube	187.3	1291	195.0	1345	15.1

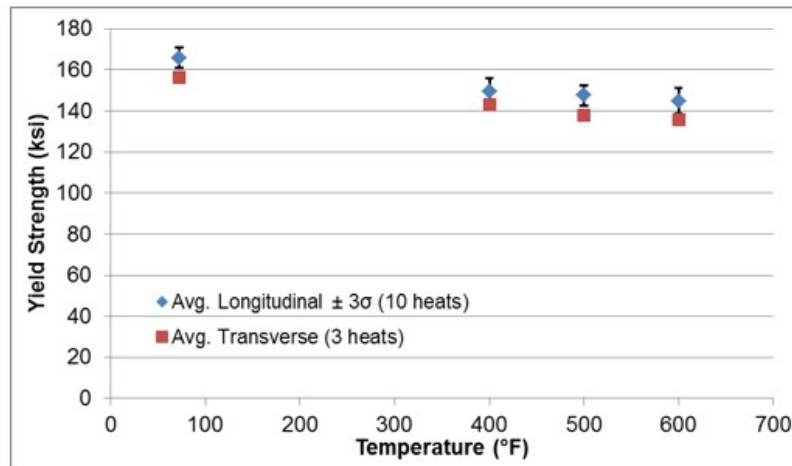
**Room and Elevated Temperature Tensile Properties of Cold-worked Tube  
(3.5 in Diameter by 0.43 in Wall Thickness) (52-53%) as a Function of Orientation  
(Longitudinal and Transverse)**

Test Temperature		Orientation	0.2% Offset Yield Strength		Ultimate Tensile Strength		Elongation	Reduction of Area
°F	°C		ksi	MPa	ksi	MPa	%	%
RT	RT	Longitudinal	166.0	1145	180.4	1244	18.8	69.5
		Transverse	156.3	1078	175.8	1212	29.2	63.6
400	204	Longitudinal	149.3	1029	157.6	1087	16.8	68.7
		Transverse	143.2	987	155.1	1069	25.8	64.8
500	260	Longitudinal	147.6	1018	154.2	1063	16.5	67.1
		Transverse	138.0	951	151.4	1044	24.8	60.9
600	316	Longitudinal	144.9	999	151.5	1045	16.9	66.4
		Transverse	135.7	936	147.5	1017	25.5	62.3

Values are averages from 10 tests

RT= Room Temperature

**Statistical Temperature De-rating C-22HS® Cold-worked Tubing**



**Impact Strength**

## C-22HS<sup>®</sup> Alloy Room Temperature Charpy V-Notch Impact Test Results

Cold Work (%)	Aging Temperature (°F)	Aging Time (hr)	Impact Energy (ft-lb)*	
			Longitudinal	Transverse
0	1050	10	116	128
	1100	1	111	120
		100	118	115
	1150	10	112	124
25	1050	1	61	65
		100	31	31
	1100	10	38	38
		10	36	40
		10	38	38
	1150	1	57	63
		100	18	19
50	1050	10	21	21
	1100	1	30	30
		100	29	33
	1150	10	14	15

\*Average of three tests

## Fracture Toughness

### Room Temperature ASTM E1820 Tests

Material Condition	Specimen	J <sub>c</sub> (lbs/in)	K <sub>JC</sub> (ksi.in <sup>1/2</sup> )
Cold-worked (52-53%)	1	921	174
	2	1151	195
	3	897	172

4.25 in (108 mm) OD x 2.25 in (57 mm) ID Tube Pre-Cracked Half-T Compact Tension [C(T)] Specimens Located at 120° Increments

## Hardness

Material Condition	Hardness, HRC*
Cold-worked (43-47%) Bar	42
Cold-worked (43-47%) Tube	42

\*Average values HRC= Hardness Rockwell "C"

## Compressive Strength

### Room Temperature Compressive Strength of 0.75 in Diameter Cold-worked (44%) Bar and Corresponding Tensile Data

Material Condition	Compressive Yield Strength*		Compressive Strength*		Tensile Yield Strength*		Tensile Strength*	
	ksi	MPa	ksi	MPa	ksi	MPa	ksi	MPa
Cold-worked (44%) Bar	163	1124	219	1510	205	1413	210	1448

\*Average from two tests

# Resistance to Sour Gas Environments

Sour Gas Testing – NACE TM0177 Method A Tensile Test, Test Levels II and III, 720 hours,  
Applied Stress = 100% YS

Material Condition	Heat	Yield Strength (ksi)	Coupled to Carbon Steel	Not Coupled to Carbon Steel
Cold-Worked	Heat 1	205	Pass	Pass
	Heat 2	191	Pass	Pass
	Heat 3	204	Pass	Pass
	Heat 4	233	Pass	Pass
	Heat 5	225	Pass	Pass
	Heat 6	223	Pass	Pass
	Heat 7	215	Pass	Pass
	Heat 8	222	Pass	Pass

\*Triplicate tests

Sour Gas Testing – NACE TM0177 Method C, 90-Day C-Ring Test,  
Test Level VII: 25% NaCl, 500 psi (3.5 MPa) H<sub>2</sub>S + 500 psi (3.5 MPa) CO<sub>2</sub>,  
Elemental Sulfur = 1 g/l and 5 g/l\*\*

Test Temperature: 401°F (205°C), Applied Stress = 100% YS

Material Condition: Cold-Worked

Heat	Yield Strength (ksi)	Result*
Heat 1	205	1 g/l S: Pass 5 g/l S: Pass
Heat 2	187	1 g/l S: Pass 5 g/l S: Pass
Heat 3	188	1 g/l S: Pass 5 g/l S: Pass

\*Triplicate tests

\*\*With stirring

Sour Gas Testing – NACE TM0177 Method C, 90-Day C-Ring Test, Test Level VII-Plus: 25%  
NaCl, 1000 psi (6.9 MPa) H<sub>2</sub>S + 1000 psi (6.9 MPa) CO<sub>2</sub>

Test Temperature: 401°F (205°C)

Material Condition: Cold-Worked

3 Passing Test Results	
Heat	Yield Strength (ksi)
Heat 1	205
Heat 2	187
Heat 3	188
Heat 4	233
Heat 5	225
Heat 6	223
Heat 8	222

**Sour Gas Testing – NACE TM0198 Slow Strain Rate Tensile Test, Test Level VII: 25% NaCl, 500 psi (3.5 MPa) H<sub>2</sub>S + 500 psi (3.5 MPa) CO<sub>2</sub>, Without (w/o) Elemental Sulfur**

Test Temperature: 401°F (205°C)

Material Condition: Cold-Worked

Test Environment*	Time to Failure (h)	Elong. (%)	R.A. (%)	Time to Failure Ratio	Elong. Ratio	R.A. Ratio	Secondary Cracking
Air	8.9	12.8	63.4	-	-	-	-
Level VII w/o S	8.4	12.1	63.2	0.95	0.95	1	No

\*Air – single test; Level VII w/o S – triplicate tests

**Sour Gas Testing – NACE TM0198 Slow Strain Rate Tensile Test, Test Level VII: 25% NaCl, 500 psi (3.5 MPa) H<sub>2</sub>S + 500 psi (3.5 MPa) CO<sub>2</sub>, With Elemental Sulfur**

Test Temperature: 401°F (205°C)

Material Condition: Cold-Worked

Test Environment*	Time to Failure (h)	Elong. (%)	R.A. (%)	Time to Failure Ratio	Elong. Ratio	R.A. Ratio	Secondary Cracking
Air	8.9	12.8	63.4	-	-	-	-
Level VII w/S	8.2	11.7	62.4	0.92	0.91	0.98	No

\*Air – single test; Level VII w/S – triplicate tests

## Resistance to Hydrogen Embrittlement

### Slow Strain Rate Tensile Test – Cold-worked Material

Environment	Max. Load		Normalized Factor	Time to Failure
	lb	kg		
Air	3997	1813	-	h
Air	4008	1818	-	11.6
Air	4008	1818	-	14.1
3.5% NaCl	4020	1823	1.00	12.9
3.5% NaCl	3937	1786	0.98	11.1
3.5% NaCl @ -850 mV	3925	1780	0.98	10.9
3.5% NaCl @ -850 mV	4003	1816	1.00	13.6
3.5% NaCl @ -1000 mV	3956	1794	0.99	13.8
3.5% NaCl @ -1000 mV	3908	1773	0.98	10.9

## Resistance to Acids

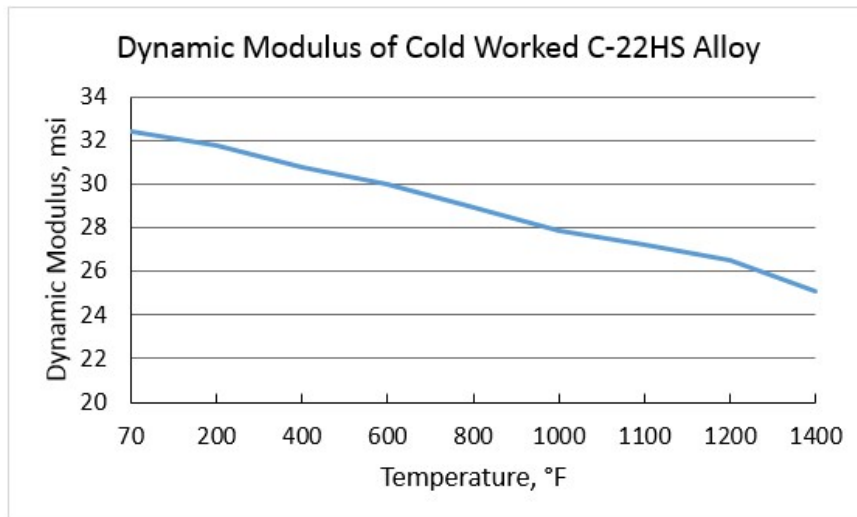
## Corrosion Rates of Cold-worked (40%) Sheet in Aqueous Solutions of Common Acids

Acid	Concentration	Temperature		Corrosion Rate	
	wt%	°F	°C	mpy	mm/y
Hydrochloric	1	Boiling		0.4	0.01
	5	175	79	30.0	0.76
	10	100	38	<0.1	<0.01
	20	100	38	7.2	0.18
Hydrobromic	5	200	93	1.7	0.04
Nitric	20	Boiling		1.7	0.04
	40	175	79	2.1	0.05
	60	175	79	4.7	0.12
Hydrofluoric	5	125	52	18.8	0.48
Phosphoric	60	Boiling		4.7	0.12
Chromic	10	150	66	5.1	0.13
Sulfuric	10	200	93	3.8	0.10
	20	200	93	2.8	0.07
	30	200	93	6.8	0.17
	40	175	79	1.1	0.03
	50	175	79	13.1	0.33
	60	150	66	0.31	0.01
	70	150	66	3.1	0.08
	80	150	66	4.8	0.12
90	150	66	1.3	0.03	
ASTM G-28A*	-	Boiling		42.4	1.08
ASTM G-28B**	-	Boiling		9.8	0.25

\*ASTM G-28A = 50% H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> + 42 g/l Fe<sub>2</sub>(SO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>3</sub>

\*\*ASTM G-28B = 23% H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> + 1.2% HCl + 1% Fe<sub>3</sub>Cl + 1% CuCl<sub>2</sub>

## Dynamic Modulus



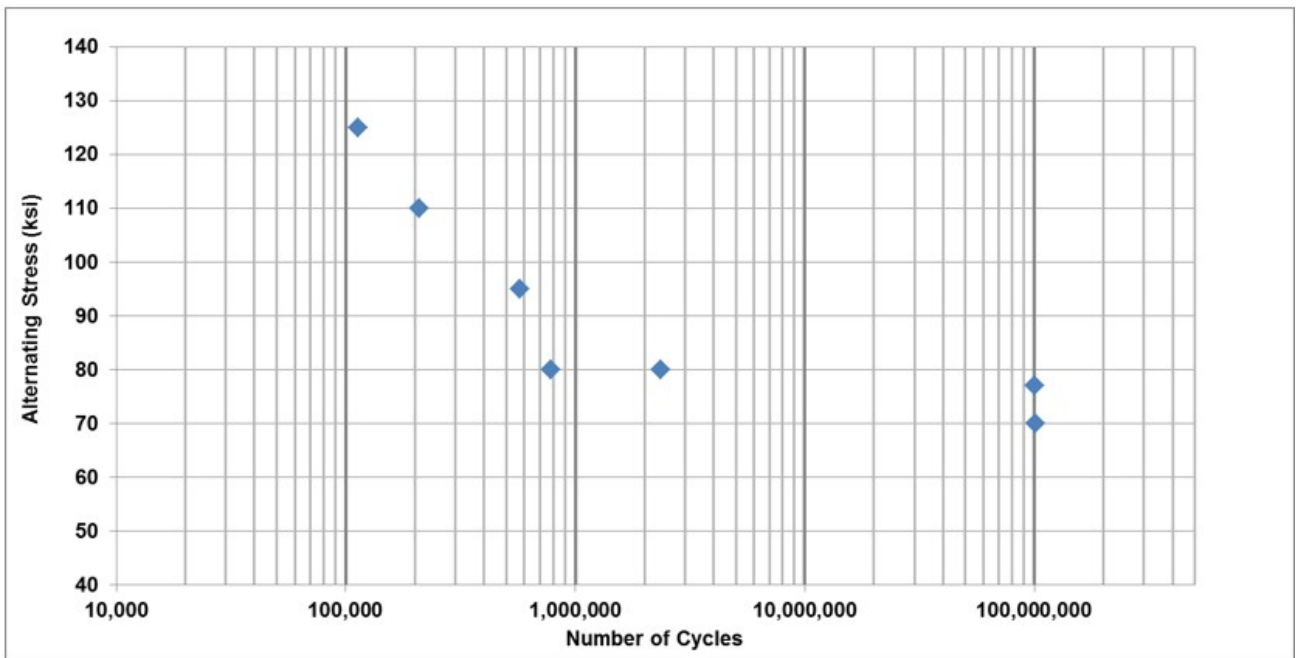
## High-Cycle Fatigue

Material: 0.5 in Diameter 43% Cold Worked Bar (0.2%YS – 191 ksi, UTS – 196 ksi, %EL – 18, %RA – 66)

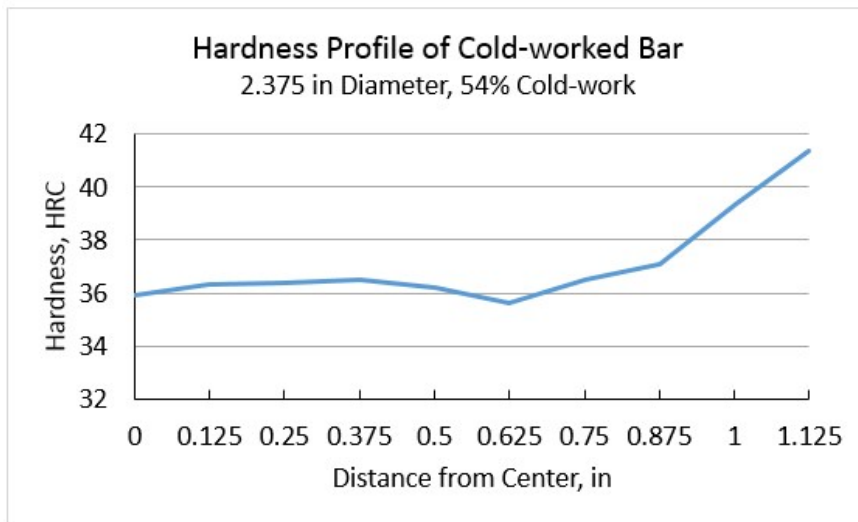
Rotating Bend Fatigue Testing, RR Moore Rotating 4-Point Bend

R = -1.0 Stress Ratio, 167 Hz, Room Temperature





## Hardness Profile



HRC = Hardness, Rockwell C Scale

Diameter	% Cold-Worked	Yield Strength (ksi)		Hardness (HRC)	
		1" Below Surface	Mid-Radius	1" Below Surface	Mid-Radius
7.5	50	185.5	180.3	-	-
8	50	175.4	-	-	-
8.25	40	168.1	166.2	38.6	36.1
10	30	162.3	149.8	40.0	35.0

HRC= Hardness Rockwell "C"

## Thermal Stability

**Effects of Thermal Exposure on Tensile Properties of 0.5 in Diameter,  
Cold-worked (43%) Bar**

Initial Material Condition	Thermal Exposure	Test Temperature		0.2% Offset Yield Strength		Ultimate Tensile Strength		Elongation	R.A.
		°F	°C	ksi	MPa	ksi	MPa	%	%
43% Cold-worked Bar	-	RT	RT	195.1	1345	200.4	1382	18.0	65.2
		500	260	181.0	1248	181.1	1249	14.1	60.8
43% Cold-worked Bar	500°F/4000h/AC	RT	RT	205.8	1419	212.6	1466	16.0	62.6
		500	260	176.0	1214	178.5	1231	15.0	61.1
43% Cold-worked Bar	500°F/8000h/AC	RT	RT	209.9	1447	209.9	1447	16.0	60.7
		200	93	192.8	1329	192.8	1329	17.0	63.8
		500	260	186.6	1287	186.6	1287	13.4	60.7

AC=Air Cool

RT= Room Temperature

R.A.= Reduction of Area

**Effects of Thermal Exposure on Impact Strength of 1 in Diameter, Cold-worked (44%) Bar**

Initial Material Condition	Thermal Exposure	Charpy Impact Energy	
		ft.ibf	J
		RT	-75°F (-59°C)
44% Cold-worked	-	146 (198)	153 (207)
44% Cold-worked	500°F/4000h/AC	136 (184)	135 (183)

AC= Air Cooled

RT= Room Temperature

## Resistance of Welds to Sour Gas Environments

**Sour Gas Testing – NACE TM0177 Test Levels II and III, Method A, Solution A, Applied Stress = 100% YS, Material Condition: All Weld Metal, As Welded**

Heat	Yield Strength (ksi)	Coupling	Result*
1	62	Coupled to Carbon Steel	Pass
		NOT Coupled to Carbon Steel	Pass
2	65	Coupled to Carbon Steel	Pass
		NOT Coupled to Carbon Steel	Pass
3	63	Coupled to Carbon Steel	Pass
		NOT Coupled to Carbon Steel	Pass

\*Triplicate tests

**Sour Gas Testing – NACE TM0198 Slow Strain Rate Tensile, Level VII, Test Environment: 25% NaCl, 500 psi (3.5 MPa) H<sub>2</sub>S + 500 psi (3.5 MPa) CO<sub>2</sub>, 401°F (205°C),  
Material Condition: All Weld Metal, As Welded**

Heat	Environment*	Time to Failure (h)	Elongation (%)	R.A. (%)	Time to Failure Ratio	Elongation Ratio	R.A. Ratio	Secondary Cracking
1	Air	33.3	47.9	63.5	-	-	-	-
	Level VII w/o S	32.1	46.2	61.2	0.96	0.96	0.96	No
2	Air	28.4	40.9	58.4	-	-	-	-
	Level VII w/o S	26.5	38.2	55.7	0.93	0.93	0.95	No
3	Air	28.9	41.6	59.7	-	-	-	-
	Level VII w/o S	28.5	41.2	61.0	0.99	0.99	1.02	No

\*Air – duplicate tests, Level VII w/o sulfur – triplicate tests

R.A.= Reduction of Area

**Sour Gas Testing – NACE TM0198 Slow Strain Rate Tensile, Level VII, Test Environment: 25% NaCl, 500 psi (3.5 MPa) H<sub>2</sub>S + 500 psi (3.5 MPa) CO<sub>2</sub>,  
Material Condition: All Weld Metal, As Welded, Heat 1**

Test Temperature	Environment*	Time to Failure (h)	Elongation (%)	R.A. (%)	Time to Failure Ratio	Elongation Ratio	R.A. Ratio	Secondary Cracking
350°F (177°C)**	Air	35.2	50.7	64.1	-	-	-	-
	Test Environ. + Sulfur	34.2	49.3	63.6	0.97	0.97	0.99	No
400°F (204°C)***	Air	35.8	51.5	63.1	-	-	-	-
	Test Environ. + Sulfur	34.5	49.6	56.1	0.96	0.96	0.89	No
500°F (260°C)***	Air	33.7	48.5	64.3	-	-	-	-
	Test Environment	33.7	48.6	61.0	1.0	1.0	0.95	No
550°F (288°C)**	Air	34.1	49.1	65.7	-	-	-	-
	Test Environment	32.2	46.3	61.7	0.94	0.94	0.94	No

\*Air – single test; Test Environment - \*\*duplicate tests, \*\*\*triplicate tests

## Weld Mechanical Properties

**C-22HS<sup>®</sup> alloy Room Temperature Transverse Weld Tensile Test Results,  
As-Welded Condition**

Test	0.2% Yield Strength (ksi)	Ultimate Tensile Strength (ksi)	Elong. (%)	RA (%)	Failure Location
<b>GTAW - 0.125 in (3.2 mm) sheet, autogenous w/ cover pass</b>					
A	66.2	115.3	31.5	-	Weld Metal
B	64.6	119.2	41	-	Weld Metal
C	65.3	113.3	30.3	-	Weld Metal
Avg.	65.4	115.9	34.3	-	-
<b>GTAW - 0.5 in (12.7 mm) plate, w/ 0.125 in (3.2 mm) dia. filler metal</b>					
A	67.9	115.8	45.6	51.3	Weld Metal
B	68.3	114.9	44.1	62.6	Weld Metal
C	66.4	113.4	42.3	54.8	Weld Metal
Avg.	67.5	114.7	44	56.2	-
<b>GMAW - 0.5 in (12.7 mm) plate, w/ 0.045 in (1.1 mm) dia. filler metal</b>					
A	64.3	114.2	46.2	48	Weld Metal
B	63.3	113.7	46	43.1	Weld Metal
C	64.8	113.8	46.4	47	Weld Metal
Avg.	64.1	113.9	46.2	46	-
<b>GMAW - 1.0 in (25.4 mm) plate, w/ 0.045 in (1.1 mm) dia. filler metal</b>					
A	63.3	113.4	40.4	49.8	Weld Metal
B	63.3	111.9	38.8	55.9	Weld Metal
C	62	114	38.9	53.2	Weld Metal
Avg.	62.9	113.1	39.4	53	-

**C-22HS<sup>®</sup> alloy Room Temperature All-Weld-Metal Tensile Test Results,  
As-Welded Condition**

Heat	Sample	0.2% Yield Strength (ksi)	Ultimate Tensile Strength (ksi)	Elong. (%)	RA (%)
1	GTAW Longitudinal	66.4	102.7	39.2	49.1
	GMAW Longitudinal	66	105	53.1	53
2	GMAW Longitudinal	64.8	106.1	48.4	59.7
		65.6	106.9	50.7	56.2
	GMAW Transverse	63.1	103.5	46.8	62.7
		62.7	104.6	54.6	63.9
3	GMAW Longitudinal	71.2	112	49.6	56.3
		62.9	106.7	47.9	53.4
	GMAW Transverse	65	105.2	45.9	58.3
		64.9	105.9	50.5	57.5

## C-22HS Alloy Weld Metal Charpy V-Notch Impact Test Results, As-Welded Condition

Test Temperature	Impact Energy (ft-lb)			
	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Avg.
<b>GTAW - 0.5 in (12.7 mm) plate, w/ 0.125 in (3.2 mm) dia. filler metal</b>				
RT	154.2	166.2*	178.6*	166.3
-320°F (-196°C)	127.4	131.6	120.1	126.3
<b>GMAW - 0.5 in (12.7 mm) plate, w/ 0.045 in (1.1 mm) dia. filler metal</b>				
RT	143.7	147	143.9	145.2
-320°F (-196°C)	117.3	109.8	122.2	116.4
<b>GMAW – 1.0 in (25.4 mm) plate, w/ 0.045 in (1.1 mm) dia. filler metal</b>				
RT	129.9	163.4*	149.5	147.6
-320°F (-196°C)	118.4	122.8	126.6	122.6

\*Test sample did not break

## Specifications

### Specifications

<b>HASTELLOY® C-22HS® alloy (N07022)</b>	
<b>Sheet, Plate &amp; Strip</b>	-
<b>Billet, Rod &amp; Bar</b>	B 637
<b>Coated Electrodes</b>	-
<b>Bare Welding Rods &amp; Wire</b>	-
<b>Seamless Pipe &amp; Tube</b>	B 983
<b>Welded Pipe &amp; Tube</b>	-
<b>Fittings</b>	-
<b>Forgings</b>	B 637
<b>DIN</b>	-
<b>TÜV</b>	-
<b>Others</b>	NACE MR0175

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